IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA CRIMINAL ORIGINAL JURISDICTION

WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) No. 129 OF 2015

YAKUB ABDUL RAZAK MEMON

Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

STATE OF MAHARASHTRA, THR. THE SECRETARY, HOME DEPARTMENT AND ORS.

Respondent(s)

JUDGMENT

ANIL R. DAVE, J.

Heard the learned senior counsel appearing for both the sides at length.

It is a fact that the conviction of the petitioner has been confirmed by this Court and the Review Petition as well as the Curative Petition filed by the petitioner have also been dismissed by this Court. Moreover, His Excellency Hon'ble The President of India and His Excellency The Governor of Maharashtra have also rejected applications for pardon made by the petitioner, possibly because of the gravity of the offence committed by the petitioner.

It has been submitted by the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner that one more application made to His Excellency The Governor of Maharashtra is still pending.

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If it is so, it would be open to His Excellency The Governor of Maharashtra to dispose of the said application before the date on which the sentence is to be executed, if His Excellency wants to favour the petitioner.

Submissions made about the Curative Petition do not appeal to me as they are irrelevant and there is no substance in them.

In these circumstances, the Writ Petition is dismissed.

.....J.
[ANIL R. DAVE]

New Delhi; July 28, 2015.

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JUDGMENT

KURIAN JOSEPH, J.

I regret my inability to agree with my learned brother.

During the course of admission hearing of the petition under Article 32 of the Constitution of India, a question arose as to whether the Curative Petition in this case has been decided in accordance with law. The matter was partly heard yesterday and the arguments were deferred for today on this issue.

Heard Mr. Raju Ramachandran, Mr. T.R.Andhyarujina and Mr. Anand Grover, learned senior counsel and Mr.Mukul Rohtagi, learned Attorney General, at length.

Article 21 of the Constitution of India guarantees life to a person and the person shall be deprived of his life only in accordance with the procedure established by law. The Curative Petition in Order XLVIII of the Supreme Court Rules, 2013 is one procedure regarding the

remedy available to a person even after the Review Petition is dismissed.

The synopsis portion of the Curative Petition reads as follows :-

"The present Curative Petition under Article 142 of the Constitution of India arises in an exceptional case as grave injustice has been caused to the petitioner whereby his fundamental rights as quaranteed to him under Articles 14 and 21 of the Constitution of India have been completely violated. Hence, the petitioner most humbly beseeches this Hon'ble Court to kindly reconsider its order dated 9.4.2015, in terms whereof, the Review Petition of the petitioner seeking reconsideration of its Order/Judgment dated 21.3.2013 in Criminal Appeal No. 1728 of 2007 (reported in (2013) 13 SCC 1) was dismissed."

(emphasis supplied)

The prayers in the Curative Petition read as follows:-

(a) Allow the present curative petition filed against the order dated

- 9.4.2015 in Review Petition (Criminal)
 No. 474 of 2013;
- (b) Consequently, restore Criminal Appeal No. 1728 of 2007 decided on 21.3.2013 for hearing; and
- (c) Pass any other or further order(s) as this Hon'ble Court may deem fit in the facts and circumstances of the present case and in the interest of justice and equity."

The order passed in the Curative Petition is made available for perusal in the paperbook of the Writ Petition. It is seen that the order dated 21.07.2015 dismissing the Curative Petition has been considered by a Bench of three senior-most Judges of this Court.

Order XLVIII of the Supreme Court Rules, 2013 deals with Curative Petition and Rule 4(1) and (2) read as follows:-

- "4(1) The curative petition shall be first circulated to a Bench of the three senior-most judges and the judges who passed the judgment complained of, if available.
- (2) Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, a curative petition shall be

disposed of by circulation, without any oral arguments but the petitioner may supplement his petition by additional written arguments."

(Emphasis supplied)

'Judgment' is defined under the Supreme Court Rules,
2013 under Order I Rule 2(k) as follows :-

"'judgment' includes decree, order, sentence or determination of any Court, Tribunal, Judge or Judicial Officer."

Therefore, in terms of the Judgment as defined under the Rules, a Curative Petition has to be circulated to a Bench of three senior-most Judges of this Hon'ble Court and the Judges who passed the Judgment complained of, if available.

In the instant case, the Judgment complained of (be it the order passed in the Review Petition) is passed by a Bench of three Judges comprising of Hon'ble Sh. Anil R. Dave, J., Hon'ble Sh. J. Chelameswar, J. and myself, but the Curative Petition is circulated only to the three senior-most Judges.

It may not also be totally out of context to note that the order dated 09.04.2015 in the Review Petition is captioned as a Judgment, apparently, in terms of the

definition of 'judgment' under the Supreme Court Rules. Thus, it is found that the procedure prescribed under the law has been violated while dealing with the Curative Petition and that too, dealing with life of a person. There is an error apparent on the face of the order in the Curative Petition. The mandatory procedure prescribed under law has not been followed.

Though the learned senior counsel and the learned Attorney General referred to various grounds available in a Curative Petition, in the nature of the view I have taken in the matter that the Curative Petition itself has not been decided in accordance with the Rules prescribed by this Court, that defect needs to be cured first. Otherwise, there is a clear violation of Article 21 of the Constitution of India in the instant case.

The learned Attorney General, inter alia, contended that this is not an issue raised in the writ proceedings. I do not think that such a technicality should stand in the way of justice being done. When this Court as the protector of the life of the persons under the Constitution has come to take note of a situation where a procedure established by law has not been followed while depriving the life of a person, no technicality shall stand in the way of justice being done. After all, law is for man and law is never helpless and the Court particularly the repository of

such high constitutional powers like Supreme Court shall not be rendered powerless.

In the above circumstances, I find that the order dated 21.07.2015 passed in the Curative Petition is not as per the procedure prescribed under the Rules. Hence, the Curative Petition has to be considered afresh in terms of the mandatory requirement under Rule 4 of Order XLVIII of the Supreme Court Rules, 2013.

In that view of the matter, the death warrant issued pursuant to the Judgment of the TADA Court dated 12.09.2006, as confirmed by this Court by its Judgment dated 21.03.2013, of which the Review Petition has been dismissed on 09.04.2015, is stayed till a decision afresh in accordance with law is taken in the Curative Petition.

After a decision is taken on the matter, as abovesaid, the Writ Petition be placed for consideration before the Court.

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				[K	U	R	I	A	N	J	O	S	E	P	Η]	

New Delhi; July 28, 2015.

REPORTABLE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF INDIA CRIMINAL ORIGINAL JURISDICTION

WRIT PETITION (CRIMINAL) No. 129 OF 2015

YAKUB ABDUL RAZAK MEMON

Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

STATE OF MAHARASHTRA, THR. THE SECRETARY, HOME DEPARTMENT AND ORS.

Respondent(s)

ORDER

In view of the disagreement between us, the Registry is directed to place the papers before Hon'ble The Chief Justice of India, preferably today, so that an appropriate Bench could be constituted and the matter can be heard on merits as soon as possible, preferably tomorrow i.e. on 29.07.2015.

 [ANIL R.	DAVE]
 [KURIAN	J. JOSEPH]

New Delhi; July 28, 2015.

REVISED

ITEM NO.11 COURT NO.3 SECTION X

SUPREME COURT OF INDIA RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

Writ Petition(s)(Criminal) No(s). 129/2015

YAKUB ABDUL RAZAK MEMON

Petitioner(s)

VERSUS

STATE OF MAHARASHTRA, THR. THE SECRETARY, HOME DEPARTMENT AND ORS.

Respondent(s)

(with appln. (s) for ex-parte stay and impleadment and seeking permission to intervene and office report)

Date: 28/07/2015 This petition was called on for hearing today.

CORAM : HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ANIL R. DAVE
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE KURIAN JOSEPH

For Petitioner(s) Mr. Raju Ramachandran, Sr. Adv.

Mr. Faisal Farook, Adv.

Mr. Shubail Farook, Adv.

Ms. Mythili Vijay Kumar Thallam, Adv.

Mr. Vikram Aditya Narayan, Adv.

Mohd. Izhar Alam, Adv. Mrs. Priya Puri, Adv.

Mr. Ranjay Dubey, Adv.

For Respondent(s) Mr. Mukul Rohtagi, Attorney General

Mr. Nishant R. Katneshwarkar, Adv.

Mr. Mahaling Pandarge, Adv.

Mrs. Devanshi Singh, Adv.

Ms. Ranjeeta Rohtagi, Adv.

Mr. Somit Khosala, Adv.

Mr. Gurmehar Sistani, Adv.

Mr. Arpit Rai, Adv.

Ms. Vibha Dutta Makhija, Sr. Adv.

Mr. Rajiv Nanda, Adv.

For Mr. B. V. Balram Das, Adv.

For Intervention Mr. T. R. Andhyarujina, Sr. Adv.

Mr. Anand Grover, Sr. Adv.

Mr. Rahul Narayan, Adv.

Ms. Lubhyathi Rangarajan, Adv.

Mr. Nishant Gokhale, Adv.

Mr. Mohit Singh, Adv.
Ms. Shreya Rastogi, Adv.
For Mr. Rahul Narayan, Adv.

UPON hearing counsel the Court made the following O R D E R

In view of the disagreement between us in terms of the two signed Reportable Judgments and one common Reportable order, the Registry is directed to place the papers before Hon'ble The Chief Justice of India, preferably today, so that an appropriate Bench could be constituted and the matter can be heard on merits as soon as possible, preferably tomorrow i.e. on 29.07.2015.

(Jayant Kumar Arora)
Sr. P.A.

(Sneh Bala Mehra) Assistant Registrar

(Two signed Reportable Judgments and one common Reportable Order are placed on the file)